

## WILSON ASSAILS WAR LOBBYISTS

Says Campaign of Misrepresentation Is Waged for War With Mexico.

## SURE PLAN WILL FAIL

President Pleased With Outlook After Lind's Arrival in Mexico.

## ANOTHER CRUISER SENT

The Nashville Goes to Vera Cruz to Offer Assistance to American Refugees.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—The statement was authorized by high authority to-day that President Wilson believes an organized campaign of misrepresentation is being waged to plunge this country into war with Mexico. The President, however, does not attach great importance to these alleged efforts to thwart his plans for a peaceful settlement of the controversy now wearing the heart out of the southern republic.

Aside from this development and the despatching of another cruiser to Mexican waters, the Washington Government was marking time on the Mexican situation to-day.

Special Representative Lind made no report as to what had occurred since his arrival at Mexico city and it was learned that the President expects no detailed statement from him immediately. The Nashville was the cruiser ordered to-day to Mexican waters. She is to assist in the work of removing American refugees. Like the cruiser Tacoma, which was ordered to Mexico yesterday, the Nashville is to be used at ports where harbor facilities are not sufficient to permit of the entrance of the battleships now in Mexican waters.

Wilson Will Await Lind's Report.

Emphatic statements were made to-day in official circles of the President's determination to wait upon former Governor Lind's report on Mexican conditions before deciding upon any definite course of action for this Government. The President intends, however, that suggestions shall be made eventually by the United States to Provisional President Huerta looking toward the establishment of peace in Mexico.

These communications will be transmitted through the American Charge, Nelson O. Shaugnessy. The time for communicating them and probably their specific character will be determined by developments in Mexico. The President left it to the time that will be required for Mr. Lind to complete his investigation.

President Wilson has not given consideration to a suggestion that the United States recognize the followers of Carranza as belligerents. He is, however, of opinion that if a decision on this suggestion were to be reached merely on a comparison of the strength of the Carranza movement with that of the Government at Mexico city, the United States would easily find justification for recognizing the Constitutionalists.

The President was manifestly pleased to-day at the turn developments have taken in the last few days and made no secret of his optimism at the general outlook. He apparently considers that dangerous possibilities have been removed by his success in placating the members of the Senate Committee on Foreign Affairs and thus making sure that for a time at least no ill considered speeches on Mexico will be delivered in the Senate.

## Policy Will Have Fair Trial.

The failure of the predicted outbreaks to materialize in Vera Cruz and Mexico city against Special Envoy Lind and the assurances from the Mexican authorities that they will give Mr. Lind full protection as an American citizen convinced the President that the way is now open for a fair trial of the policy he has evolved for dealing with the Mexican problem.

The declaration of the President's belief that an organized effort is being made to plunge this nation into war aroused intense interest here. The only complaint heard was that the President has not been specific on this subject. There is reason to believe, though, that Mr. Wilson, before long, may deem it necessary to use names and to fix the responsibility where he thinks it belongs. The President, it is believed, has in mind particularly certain newspapers which have published lurid and apparently exaggerated accounts of developments on the Mexican situation. These newspapers it is known have been the object of much comment by Cabinet officers.

Secretary of State Bryan at the President's conference with the Foreign Relations Committee complained for half an hour of the attitude of certain newspapers toward the Mexican situation.

The President's belief coincides partly with that expressed by Senator John Sharp Williams of Mississippi on the floor of the Senate last week. Senator Williams charged directly that there was being obtained in Washington a formidable lobby for the purpose of bringing on war with Mexico, but the President has insisted that he did not know on what information Senator Williams had grounded his charge.

The President conferred with Mr. Bryan for an hour this afternoon, but it was

## HIS SHIRT BANK SINKS IN SEA.

Money Lined Garment Is Thrown Overboard; Big Pass Follows.

Emilio Lombardi, a stevedore passenger on the Italian liner Taormina, found the air of the Atlantic very hot when the liner was in midocean and took off his shirt and flung it overboard. Angelo Catania, a fellow voyager, somewhat fastidious, supposed the shirt, which was rather grimy, had been discarded by somebody and picked it up and flung it into the sea.

Thereupon Lombardi shouted the equivalent in Italian of "Man overboard!" and there was an eruption from the steerage. Lombardi explained that there was not a man overboard, but that the shirt he had, and he wanted the shirt rescued. By that time the shirt was far out of sight. Lombardi was taken before Capt. Francisco Noera and proved that he had lost 500 francs in the shirt. When the liner got here yesterday the company decided to pay Lombardi that amount.

## AN OFFICERHOLDER 48 YEARS.

Thomas K. Halstead Is Dying at Home in Jersey City.

Thomas K. Halstead, who has been in municipal service continuously longer than any other man in New Jersey, is dying of paralysis of the brain at his home, 270 Fourth street, Jersey City. He is 72 years old and has been deputy city clerk of Jersey City since 1865, being retained even under the present commission.

## WARSHIP LOSES TORPEDO FILLED WITH SECRETS

Japanese Government Offers \$1,000 Reward for Finding of Projectile.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—Japan is afraid that one of her most important naval secrets will fall into the hands of a rival Power through the loss of a torpedo from the new battleship Kongo on her trial trip recently off the Irish coast.

The Japanese Government has offered a reward of \$1,000 for the recovery of the torpedo. This is five times the amount usually offered by the British Government in similar circumstances. The explanation, according to the *Pall Mall Gazette*, is that the torpedoes of the Kongo are unique in construction and that they embody important secrets of construction. This newspaper says the torpedo has a much longer range and is more deadly than the newest style of British torpedo. It is said to be propelled by engines worked by heated air generated by a spirit, the composition of which is the discovery of Japanese scientists and unknown to the outside world. The Kongo is believed to be the only battleship in the world carrying such a projectile.

A big fishing fleet is searching Belfast Lough for the torpedo in the hope of earning the unusually large reward.

## FARLEY DYING AT RACE COURSE.

Lies On Cot Near Stables Ten III to Be Moved to His Hotel.

YONKERS, N. Y., Aug. 11.—James Farley, the turfman and strike breaker, lies dying at the grounds of the Greater New York Fair and Exposition in Empire City Park, Yonkers. He occupies a cot in the open near the barn where his racers are stable. He is a victim of tuberculosis and is rapidly losing the race for life.

He has been at the Hotel Astor in New York recently, but realizing that his death is probably only a question of weeks he begged to be allowed to see another race. One of his own string of horses, Billy Miller, was entered in a race here last Thursday and the doctors humored him by bringing him to the grounds in a limousine. Lying on a cot near the stable and away from the crowds he watched the racing.

He saw his Billy Miller, a trotter with a record of 2:10, finish fifth. The racing stirred all the sporting blood in his veins and brought back vividly the old days when he owned and drove his string of racers. The excitement exhausted him and he had a bad setback. His condition is so serious that the doctors do not dare to remove him to his hotel. He has been made comfortable on the grounds and is under the constant care of a physician and two nurses.

## THIN DRESS COSTS GIRL \$50.

Too Much for Savannah—Fairmont, W. Va., Mayor Likes the Style.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 11.—Miss Bessie Carter, a summer visitor at Tybee, was fined \$50 here to-day by Recorder John Schwarz for appearing on the streets in a thin skirt abbreviated from below about as far as possible and a waist abbreviated just as far in the other direction. The frock was sleeveless. The arresting policeman testified that he could see through the gown; that there were no underskirts beneath it, but that there was a pair of bright red stockings.

FAIRMONT, W. Va., Aug. 11.—When Myrtle Hamilton and Helen Gosling of Fairmont in transparent gowns went tripping down Main street to-day, Haze Morgan, an attorney, called a policeman and had the young women arrested. Mayor Cole, however, discharged them, saying their costumes were "becoming and very artistic."

## SENATE CONFIRMS THE INDIAN.

Parker Gets Job That President First Named a Negro For.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—The Senate in executive session this afternoon confirmed the nomination of Gabe E. Parker of Oklahoma, an Indian, to be register of the Treasury. Mr. Parker was nominated by the President after Democratic opposition compelled him to withdraw the nomination of an Oklahoma negro for that office. Other nominations confirmed included William T. Russell, chief of engineers of the army with rank of Brigadier-General; Frederick Kunsell, assistant appraiser of merchandise in New York; Prof. Royal Meeker of Princeton, N. J., to be a commissioner of Labor; Henry Nichols, to be assistant appraiser of merchandise at Philadelphia.

## HEALY'S DINERS HELD PRISONERS BY POLICE

Thirty Guests Are Told They Cannot Leave Cafe Until 6 o'Clock.

## FIRST ARE ORDERED OUT

"Get Out Within Five Minutes or Be Locked Up!" Shouts Dwyer.

The fight over "the cafe curfew" took a new turn this morning when Police Inspector John F. Dwyer with Capt. Hart of the West Sixty-eighth street police station and patrolmen surrounded Healy's restaurant at Sixty-sixth street and Columbus avenue. Policemen were stationed at every door after more than thirty guests of the restaurant had declined to obey the inspector's orders to leave. It was announced that nobody would be permitted to enter or leave the restaurant until 6 o'clock this morning, the regular opening hour.

The first order for the guests to leave the restaurant was given at 1 o'clock and was followed by a threat to throw them out bodily if they did not leave within five minutes. But at 1:30 o'clock the police changed their tactics and decided to keep everybody within the restaurant until 6 o'clock. Inspector Dwyer did not announce what he would attempt to do if any guests left the place.

Thomas Healy, proprietor of the restaurant and president of the Restaurant Men's Association, defied the police at every turn. He said he was acting in accordance with the decision of three justices of Special Sessions who on last Friday held that so long as he did not sell liquor after 1 o'clock he had every right to serve food at any hour he wished.

## Police's Second Raid.

The descent of the police upon the restaurant at 1 o'clock this morning was their second attempt since that decision to keep Mr. Healy from doing business between 1 and 6 o'clock in the morning.

Mr. Healy had announced last evening that he would keep open after 1 o'clock. The police, with equal determination, had announced that they would close the place at 1 o'clock. The fight over the curfew attracted several hundred persons to Sixty-sixth street at Columbus avenue, but only about thirty persons were at table when the police struck. Mr. Healy was smiling and affable. Inspector Dwyer was cool and pleasant. It was apparent that both sides had agreed to test the law.

## Orders Patrons Out.

Promptly at 1 o'clock a patrolman in uniform entered Healy's and found there about thirty persons at tables who had ordered food. He walked by the different tables saying in a loud tone, "All patrons must leave at once."

Mr. Healy, who had been awaiting the coming of the officers, approached him and said that his guests would not leave, as no liquor was being sold and no law was being violated. Thereupon the patrolman left the restaurant and within a few minutes returned with acting Captain Hart, who walked toward Mr. Healy and announced in loud tones:

"If your patrons do not leave within five minutes I shall throw them out bodily."

Mr. Healy smiled and in equally firm tones said:

"If the police throw out of my restaurant any of my guests I shall apply once for warrants for their arrest on a charge of assault, and I also will begin civil suits against them. Furthermore I shall advise my patrons to do likewise."

Capt. Hart was called outside by a messenger and shortly reappeared smiling and somewhat confused. He shook hands with Mr. Healy and said: "I am sorry to disappoint you. I shall not be able to throw out your patrons."

## Threatens to Lock Up Guests.

He left the place and then Inspector Dwyer appeared. He made a visit to every table occupied by diners and told them that they must leave within five minutes, adding: "If you're not out within that time you'll be locked in for the night."

Inspector Dwyer then went to Mr. Healy and told him that the guests would have to leave, and added:

"If they do not get out I'll have to lock the doors and leave you and your guests in until 6 o'clock, the opening hour. I have received orders to that effect from the acting Commissioner."

Mr. Healy laughed quietly and said: "That order is more ridiculous than the first. The idea of locking up a man in his own place."

## Excitement Is Keen.

The inspector also smiled, but said that he would carry out his orders. By that time the excitement both in and without the restaurant was keen. Dwyer and the policeman took positions at the doors and then announced: "I am going to lock the doors."

"To that Mr. Healy laughed and said: 'You can't do that, because both the revolving and the swinging doors lock on the inside. I have the keys and you haven't.'"

"All right," retorted the inspector. "Nobody will be allowed to leave this place until 6 o'clock."

The inspector stationed two men at each door. At 1:45 o'clock Inspector Dwyer tried to lock one of the doors, but Mr. Healy grabbed him and put him outside the building. Thereupon the inspector retired to the sidewalk.

He called out the reserves from the West Sixty-eighth street station and gave directions to Capt. Hart to see that every exit was watched by at least two policemen. He further directed that no person be allowed to leave the building.

At 2 o'clock there was a big throng outside. Through the windows they could see the diners within cheerfully eating their food and drinking soft drinks.

At 2:30 the restaurant was darkened suddenly. The diners as suddenly disappeared from the dining room. When dawn came the police could not see a person in the dining room. The diners had slipped out by a door that the police had failed to guard.

## HAS NON-CAPSIZING AEROPLANE.

Lieut. Dunne's New Machine Tried in Cross-Channel Flight.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—It is asserted that a new epoch in aviation was marked to-day by the successful flight of a French aviator named Felix from England to France in Lieut. Dunne's "self-righting, non-capsizing" aeroplane.

Felix, who made the flight in rough weather, says no gust can destroy the equilibrium of the machine, and a person who has no experience in aviation can manage it without difficulty. He believes no other style will be used two years from now.

Lieut. Dunne has been working on his model for two years. He got the cold shoulder from the War Office, but the British Government has now ordered a sample machine. It is unlike any other aeroplane, being in the shape of a flattened V. It has no elevating planes and no rudder and is steered by tilting. Its inventor claims that it is automatically stable.

## GETS DRUNK ON BEEF TEA.

Totipotential Victim of Poison Caused by Meat Extracts.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—Liverpool physicians are interested in the case of a travelling salesman who shows every sign of alcoholic poisoning, although he is a teetotaler.

His illness is ascribed to the excessive drinking of beef tea and other meat extracts and the physicians believe that this indicates that nitrogenous stimulants have an effect on the system similar to that of alcohol.

## ADMINISTERS ESTATE OF MAN WHO ROBBED HER

Victim Recovers Loot Taken From Her and Others When Thieves Are Shot.

The unusual case of a robber's victim being compelled to act as administrator of the thief's estate in order to recover valuables stolen from him was presented yesterday in the transfer tax appraisal of the estate of a man known as Henry Vogel, but whose right name was Joseph Vorndran.

Vorndran and Lottie Angell, a woman known as his wife, were shot to death on November 18 last in a Bronx hotel, where they had been followed by detectives. The man and woman were killed instantly while Vorndran was resisting arrest, and John Allen, a private detective, died of wounds received from the robber's shots.

The testimony before the appraiser showed that the police found a safe deposit box owned by Vorndran in the Germania Bank which they knew contained loot from a number of robberies committed by Vorndran and his wife. The bank refused to permit the box to be opened except by a person in charge of the dead thief's estate. The police could get track of no relative and had no means of opening the box until Edgar J. Bernheimer, a lawyer, whose sister-in-law, Mrs. Mae H. Bernheimer of 310 West Seventy-ninth street, had been robbed, suggested that she be appointed administratrix as a creditor of the robber.

The police welcomed the suggestion and the Surrogate appointed Mrs. Bernheimer. The authorities found that the safe deposit box held a quantity of jewelry, stocks, bonds and pawn tickets and that most of the stuff had been taken from Mrs. Bernheimer and Alfred J. Stern of 1864 Seventh avenue, by whom Lottie Angell was employed as a servant last summer. She rifled the house and ransacked the strong box in the absence of her employer and the disappeared.

The stolen articles in the safe deposit box were all identified eventually and Mrs. Bernheimer reported that the only property actually owned by Vorndran was \$100 worth of furniture in his apartment at 523 West 121st street. He had debts of \$25.

## COLDEST AUG. 11 IN 23 YEARS.

Hottest Moment of Frigid Day 12:02 A. M.—Cool To-day Also.

Yesterday was the coldest August 11 in 23 years. The peculiarity of the day was that the hottest—if it was so called—period came at 12:02 A. M., when the sun was doing business far to the west of us—to be exact in the Far East. The mercury then reached its highest, 76 degrees, and never thereafter, even when the sun was shining on this neighborhood from a cloudless sky, did the temperature achieve that midday record.

The best sunshine mercurial stunt was 75 degrees at 5:10 in the afternoon. The coolest moment of the day came at 7 A. M., when the official thermometer registered 60 degrees.

The coolest place in the United States was Northfield, Vt., with a temperature of 55 degrees. It will be cool to-day in this vicinity. The bright northern breezes drawn down by the phenomenal electrical upheavals of Sunday may continue a while. The prophecy of Washington is that we will have clear skies hereabout to-day and that to-morrow the temperature will rise slowly.

## STOWAWAYS GOT HALF ACROSS.

Found on Minnehaha They Are Sent to Sister Ship in Midecean.

The Atlantic Transport Line liner Minnehaha, which sailed from London on August 2, arrived here yesterday and two stowaways, James Mason and William Harkness, young Londoners, who expected to beat their way aboard her to New York, landed yesterday in London from a sister ship, the Minnehawaka.

The two youths were discovered on the first day out from London. Later the Minnehawaka and Minnehawaka got into communication by wireless and agreed to meet in midocean for the transfer of the stowaways. The ships met in a lumpy sea and some of the passengers who watched the transfer thought that Mason and Harkness were more likely to reach Davy Jones's locker than either New York or London.

A French liner stood by to help in case of accident, but the lifeboat was well manned and handled and the trip was made in safety.

# RESOLUTION TO IMPEACH SULZER; ASSEMBLY WILL VOTE TO-DAY

## Resolution Asking for Impeachment of Gov. Sulzer Before the Assembly.

"Whereas the joint legislative investigating committee has filed a report in the Assembly on the 11th day of August, 1913, together with the testimony annexed thereto showing or tending to show that William Sulzer, Governor of the State of New York, made a false and fraudulent report to the Secretary of State, under his oath, as required by law, that the total contributions in aid of his campaign as candidate for office of Governor were \$5,460 and no more;

"Whereas in truth and in fact the amount was greatly in excess of said sum, to the personal knowledge of said Sulzer, and such report further showing or tending to show

"That he converted to his own private use contributions given in aid of his said election for the purchase of securities or other private uses;

"That he engaged in stock market speculations at a time when he was Governor and vigorously pressing legislation against the New York Stock Exchange which would affect the business of and prices on the exchange;

"That he used the power of his office as Governor to suppress and withhold the truth to prevent the production of evidence in relation to the investigation of campaign contributions and violations of law in respect thereto by ordering and directing witnesses, some of whom were employees of the State, to act in contempt of the joint legislative investigating committee, and

"That further he used his office as Governor in rewarding or attempting to reward such witnesses or witnesses by securing or influencing their appointment or promotion in the State Government.

"That as Governor, the said William Sulzer has punished legislators who disagreed or differed with him in legislation enacted in the public interest and public welfare and has traded Executive approval of bills for support of his direct primary and other measures in which he was personally interested.

"That as Governor he wilfully and corruptly made false public statements advising and directing citizens to suppress evidence in reference to his unlawful use of contributions made to him for campaign purposes; and whereas he has otherwise corruptly and unlawfully acted or omitted to act

"Therefore be it Resolved, That William Sulzer, Governor of the State of New York, be and hereby is impeached for wilful and corrupt conduct in office and for high crimes and misdemeanors."

## FRAWLEY REPORT DEMANDS ACTION

It Accuses Sulzer of Swearing Falsely and Diverting Campaign Funds.

## ALLEGED USE OF DUMMY

Committee Recommends Punishment of Sarecky and Colwell for Contempt.

ALBANY, Aug. 11.—The Frawley committee report was read in the Senate to-night by Senator James J. Frawley, chairman of the committee, and in the Assembly by Majority Leader Aaron J. Levy. The report follows:

## The Text of the Report.

The Senate and Assembly of the State of New York, in extraordinary session assembled:

The Joint Legislative Investigating Committee heretofore appointed with power, among other things, to investigate into, ascertain and report at this extraordinary session upon all expenditures made by any candidate voted for at the last preceding election by the electors of the whole State, and upon all statements made by and on behalf of any such candidate for money or things of value received or paid out in aid of his election and their compliance with the present requirements of law relative thereto, does hereby report as follows:

That this committee has held public hearings, taken sworn testimony and investigated for all the specific matters above referred to, and this committee is of the opinion that said hearings and the evidence given thereat have disclosed such unlawful conduct by one candidate at the last general election as to warrant an inquiry and immediate separate report in respect thereto, in order that the Legislature may take such action thereon as this extraordinary session as the public interest and welfare demand.

## The Election Fund.

William Sulzer, a candidate for Governor at the last preceding election, and now Governor of this State, in accordance with the requirements of the so-called corrupt practices article of the election law, and the statutes in relation to campaign contributions and expenses, filed on November 13, 1912, a statement under oath setting forth in effect that all the money received by him in aid of his election, directly or indirectly, as candidate of the Democratic party for the office of Governor of the State of New York in connection with the general election held in the State of New York on the fifth day of November, 1912, was the sum of \$5,460, and no more. The following is the oath made and filed with the Secretary of State by William Sulzer:

"STATE OF NEW YORK, CITY AND COUNTY of New York.

"William Sulzer, being duly sworn, says that he is the person who signed the foregoing statement; that said statement is in all respects true, and that the same is a full and detailed statement of all money received, contributed or expended by him, directly or indirectly by himself, or through any other person, in aid of his election."

"Sworn to before me this thirteenth day of November, 1912. ALFRED J. WOLFF, Commissioner of Deeds, No. 72, New York city."

A preliminary investigation of certain of the sixty-eight contributions aggregating said amount of \$5,460, and set forth in said statement, disclosed that the checks for some of these conceded contributions were first indorsed in the name of William Sulzer and thereafter were indorsed by one L. A. Sarecky for de-

## Frawley Committee's Report Adopted by Vote of 65 to 35.

## SHARP TALK IN HOUSE

Republicans, Progressives and Independents Attack the Report.

## PLEAS MADE FOR DELAY

Senate Also Has a Wrangle After the Report Is Received.

Majority Leader Levy offered a resolution in the Assembly at Albany last night for the impeachment of Gov. Sulzer. The vote was deferred until to-day. It will then be rushed through.

The Frawley report was read in both houses. After ordering it printed the Senate transacted no other business and adjourned until this morning.

The report of the Frawley committee accused the Governor of making a false statement of his campaign receipts and expenses, of diverting campaign contributions to his private use in stock purchases and speculation and of using the power of his office against public welfare.

The committee recommended that Sarecky, the Governor's confidential secretary during the campaign, and Colwell, the Governor's "dummy" in stock transactions, be punished for contempt in refusing to testify.

Gov. Sulzer's denial of the charge that he speculated in Wall Street was corroborated yesterday by the brokerage firm of Harris & Fuller and also the firm of Fuller & Gray. The former firm issued a statement in which it says the Executive's business with them was solely of an investment nature.

## DEBATE IN THE HOUSES.

Republican Leader Hinman Makes Plea for Sulzer.

ALBANY, Aug. 11.—A few minutes before midnight tonight Assemblyman Aaron J. Levy, the majority leader, offered a resolution for the impeachment of Gov. Sulzer "for wilful and corrupt conduct in office and for high crimes and misdemeanors."

The vote on the resolution was deferred until to-morrow by agreement of the leaders of the anti-Sulzer Democrats. They said they had the necessary seventy-six votes assured—a majority of the Assembly—but only seventy-five were at the session to-night.

The present plan is to rush the resolution for impeachment through to-morrow, although extraordinary opposition in the way of arguments and calls for fair play, if not possible votes, developed to-night. Republicans, Progressives and independent Democrats protested that the Governor must not be railroaded, no matter what he has done; that the report of the Frawley committee, which was introduced in the Assembly by Mr. Levy, was stamped with insincerity and prejudice and that there was grave doubt of the right to impeach the Governor at an extraordinary session not called for that specific purpose. They pleaded the cause of the Governor until the banging of Speaker Smith's gavel on solid mahogany was lost in the cheers of the visitors who crammed the Assembly chamber to the furthest corner of the gallery.

## Fight on the "Recess."

That the Assembly was not all one sided was indicated at the very start of the session, when the motion that the minutes of July 23, the day on which the Assembly adjourned for recess, be left unread was proposed. The majority, yes, do not imagine for a moment that the men who want Gov. Sulzer ousted were not a majority of those present to-night—carried that point quickly.

Then the Frawley report, condemning the Governor, although not actually recommending his impeachment, was read by the clerk. This report was accepted by the parliamentary friends of the Governor as equivalent to impeachment. The adoption of the report they regarded as insuring his banishment from office. Therefore they fought.

When Mr. Levy, on his feet the instant the roll call was finished showing that only 95 of the 149 members of the Assembly were present, moved that the Frawley report be adopted, Mr. Hinman, the Republican leader, arose to protest. He hoped, he said, that the report would either be laid on the table or referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Hinman Objects.

"Its adoption," he said, "would commit this house to the sentiment of the report. I'm not prepared to say that is my own sentiment. I understand that a resolution is to be proposed for the impeachment of Gov. Sulzer, and if Mr. Levy's resolution for the adoption of the report is to be part and parcel of the whole proceedings I desire to be heard at length."

"I wish that each member of the Assembly would examine this matter for himself. No Republican has taken no part in this disgraceful internecine warfare between the Governor and the party which elected him. We have followed the even tenor of our way. We insist now that the dignity and good name of this State be rightly upheld. We insist on the more because there has been smaller."

## GEN. JONES IS SINKING FAST.

Physicians at Bedside in Birmingham Say End Is Near.

BIRMINGHAM, N. Y., Aug. 11.—The condition of Gen. Edward P. Jones, the aged Civil War hero, was reported to-night as precarious after a consultation of physicians.

A bulletin issued at 9:30 o'clock said that he was sinking fast and that the end was near. He had not regained consciousness.